

February 26, 2026

To the Board of Directors  
Denton County Transportation Authority

We have audited the financial statements of the Denton County Transportation Authority (the "Authority" or DCTA) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2025 and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2026. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit, which is divided into the following sections:

Section I - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance

Section II - Other Recommendations and Informational Items

Section I includes information that we are required to communicate to those individuals charged with governance of the Authority. This communicates significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process.

Section II presents recommendations related to internal control, procedures, and other matters noted during our current year audit, as well as informational items that we believe will be of interest to you.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the Authority's staff for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during our audit. Their assistance and professionalism are invaluable.

This report is intended solely for the use of the members of the board of directors and management of the Authority and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the following communications, and we would be willing to discuss these or any other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

**Plante & Moran, PLLC**

*Keith Szymanski*

Keith Szymanski, Partner

*Amy Tytar*

Amy Tytar, Manager

## **Section I - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance**

### **Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards**

As stated in our engagement letter dated November 3, 2025, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Authority. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

Our audit of the Authority's financial statements has also been conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Under *Government Auditing Standards*, we are obligated to communicate certain matters that come to our attention related to our audit to those responsible for the governance of the Authority, including compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements; certain instances of error or fraud; illegal acts applicable to government agencies; and significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. Toward this end, we issued a separate letter dated February 26, 2026 regarding our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

### **Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit**

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on December 1, 2025.

### **Significant Audit Findings**

#### ***Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices***

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

As described in Note 1, DCTA changed accounting policies related to compensated absences in order to adopt new accounting standard GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. However, the impact to the financial statements was insignificant, and, therefore, prior periods were not restated.

We noted no transactions entered into by the Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no significant balances, amounts, or disclosures in the financial statements based on sensitive management estimates.

## **Section I - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance (Continued)**

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

### ***Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit***

We encountered no significant difficulties in performing and completing our audit.

### ***Disagreements with Management***

For the purpose of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### ***Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements***

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We did not detect any misstatements as a result of audit procedures.

### ***Significant Findings or Issues***

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the Authority, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement, with management each year prior to our retention as the Authority's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship, and our responses were not a condition of our retention.

### ***Management Representations***

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 26, 2026.

### ***Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants***

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a second opinion on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Authority's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

### **Other Information Included in Annual Reports**

Our responsibility for other information included in annual reports does not extend beyond the financial statements, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance on the other information. However, we read the introductory and statistical sections of the financial statements, and nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially misstated or materially inconsistent with the information or manner of its presentation appearing in the financial statements.

## Section II - Other Recommendations and Informational Items

### **Other Recommendation - Investments**

We noted there are quarterly reviews of investment reconciliations occurring but no formal documentation to corroborate this. We recommend signing or otherwise documenting quarterly reviews to show this review is taking place throughout the year.

### **Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)**

Significant legislation was enacted in 2022 that has dramatically expanded the available tax credits, tax incentives, and other funding opportunities related to the green energy sector. The One, Big, Beautiful Bill (OBBB), enacted on July 4, 2025, introduced sweeping changes to those credits. However, the OBBB delayed the implementation of certain provisions - meaning that, with careful planning, the Authority can still take advantage of available credits. Additionally, the new monetization options from the original legislation that expanded the benefits of tax credits for qualifying activities to public sector organizations like the Authority remain unchanged from the OBBB. The breadth of qualifying activities is significant, including, in most cases, the production of electricity; production of solar, wind, and energy equipment; installation of energy-efficient upgrades to businesses and homes; and the acquisition of electric vehicles (EVs) and charging equipment. We are happy to discuss any questions or potential tax credit opportunities with you, and please also feel free to visit our IRA tax credits articles and webinars at <https://www.plantemoran.com/explore-our-thinking/areas-of-focus/inflation-reduction-act-tax-credits>.

### **Cybersecurity and Information Technology Controls**

Cyberattacks are on the rise across the globe, and the cost of these attacks is ever increasing. Because of these attacks, municipalities stand to lose their reputation, the ability to operate efficiently, and proprietary information or assets. Communities potentially can also be subject to financial and legal liabilities. Managing this issue is especially challenging because even a municipality with a highly mature cybersecurity risk management program still has a residual risk that a material cybersecurity breach could occur and not be detected in a timely manner. We understand that the technology department continues to monitor and evaluate this risk, which are critical best practices. Additionally, periodic assessment of the system in order to verify that the control environment is working as intended is a key part of measuring associated business risk. We encourage administration and those charged with governance to work with the technology team on this very important topic. If we can be of assistance in the process, we would be happy to do so.

### **OMB Revisions to the Uniform Guidance**

In April 2024, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) released revisions for the Uniform Guidance for federal grants and agreements, which are effective for fiscal year ends beginning on October 1, 2024 and after. The guidance clarifies the applicability of requirements and terminology and includes some relaxation and clarification of certain requirements that required prior approval from federal regulators. A few key changes include the following:

- Increase the single audit threshold to \$1 million from \$750,000
- Require the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) to identify recipient of federal award for audits that cover multiple recipients
- Increase the *de minimis* indirect cost rate from 10 percent to 15 percent, effective for grants received on October 1, 2024 and after

The changes are included in more detail within the federal register at <https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2024/04/22/2024-07496/guidance-for-federal-financial-assistance>, and we are happy to discuss these changes with you.

## **Section II - Other Recommendations and Informational Items (Continued)**

### **Capitalization Thresholds**

The April 2024 Uniform Grants Guidance 2024 Revision described above resulted in the equipment threshold increasing from \$5,000 to \$10,000. This threshold applies to the value of equipment that at the end of the grant period may be retained, sold, or otherwise disposed of with no further responsibility to the federal agency. In addition to considering this Uniform Guidance threshold related to federal grants compliance, it may be a good time for the Authority to reevaluate the capitalization thresholds. We are happy to assist you in thinking through considerations in evaluating these thresholds.

### **Other New Legislation**

#### ***Upcoming Accounting Standards Requiring Preparation***

We actively monitor new Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards and due process documents and provide periodic updates to help you understand how the latest financial reporting developments will impact the City. In addition to the summaries below and to stay up to date, Plante & Moran, PLLC issues a biannual GASB accounting standard update. The most recent update and a link to previous fall and spring updates are available [here](#).

#### ***GASB Statement No. 103 - Financial Reporting Model Improvements***

This new accounting pronouncement will be effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending September 30, 2026. This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements, or modifies existing requirements, related to the following: management's discussion and analysis (MD&A); unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component units in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section. This statement requires that the MD&A be limited to the five topics noted in the standard and provides further guidance on how the MD&A should be written. For proprietary fund financial reporting, the statement defines nonoperating revenue and expense and introduces the concept of subsidies. It also requires new subtotals to present total noncapital subsidies and income or loss, including both operating activities and noncapital subsidies. The statement prescribes that the required budgetary comparison schedules be reported only in the required supplementary information section of the statements and dictates what variance information should be included. Next, the statement removes the option to present discretely presented component unit information as condensed information in the notes rather than in the statements. Lastly, the statement outlines how unusual or infrequent items should be presented separately on the financial statements.

#### ***GASB Statement No. 104 - Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets***

This new accounting pronouncement - also effective beginning next year - requires certain types of capital assets, such as lease assets, intangible right-of-use assets, subscription assets, and other intangible assets, to be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note. The statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale.

#### ***GASB Statement No. 105 - Subsequent Events***

This new accounting pronouncement will be effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending September 30, 2027. This statement defines subsequent events as transactions or other events that occur after the date of the financial statements but before the date the financial statements are available to be issued. This statements clarifies the subsequent events that constitute recognized and nonrecognized events and establishes specific note disclosure requirements for nonrecognized events.

**Section II - Other Recommendations and Informational Items  
(Continued)**

***Significant GASB Proposal Worth Watching***

The Revenue and Expense Recognition project aims to develop a comprehensive accounting and financial reporting model for transactions that result in revenue and expenses. The GASB has issued a preliminary views document that proposes a new categorization framework that replaces the exchange/nonexchange transaction notion with a four-step categorization process for classifying a transaction. In addition to this new framework, the proposal also addresses recognition and measurement of revenue and expense transactions. The exposure draft for this project is expected in two phases - one in early 2027 and another in 2028.

Plante & Moran, PLLC has spent significant time digesting this new proposed standard and recently testified to the GASB about our feedback. We strongly encourage the Authority to monitor developments with this standard, as the potential impact is quite broad.